# SAFETY DATA SHEET

DP 2590 DUCT LINER SPRAY ADHESIVE Page: 1

# **SECTION 1: Identification**

PRODUCT NAME: DUCT LINER SPRAY ADHESIVE

PRODUCT CODE: DP 2590

MANUFACTURERS' NAME: DESIGN POLYMERICS

ADDRESS: 3301 W. Segerstrom Ave.

Santa Ana, CA 92704

EMERGENCY PHONE: Chem-Tel: (800) 255-3924 (24 Hrs)

BUSINESS HOURS: 7:30am – 4:30pm PT

CONTRACT NUMBER: MIS0005056 REVISION DATE: Oct 7, 2014 INFORMATION PHONE: (714) 432-0600

REVISION #: 4.4

PREPARED BY: Technical Dept. Supersedes all previous

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

### 2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 1.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2B.

Carcinogenicity: Category 1B.

Simple Asphyxiant.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (central nervous system): Category 3.

## 2.2. Label elements

## Signal word

Danger



### **Hazard Statements**

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause cancer.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Causes damage to organs:

cardiovascular system |

## **Precautionary Statements**

#### **Prevention:**

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep container tightly closed.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

### **Response:**

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF

exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

## Storage:

Protect from sunlight.

Keep cool.

Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up in a well-ventilated place.

### Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## Notes to Physician:

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

#### 2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

None.

55% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	30 - 60 Trade Secret *
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Non-hazardous Components (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-	Trade Secret*	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
7230)		
Isobutane	75-28-5	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
Propane	74-98-6	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	< 3 Trade Secret *
Talc	14807-96-6	< 0.2 Trade Secret *

NJTS or NJTSRN: New Jersey Trade Secret Registry Number.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### **Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

#### Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

## **Eye Contact:**

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

## 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

<sup>\*</sup>The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

**Substance** 

Formaldehyde Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide

## **Condition**

During Combustion During Combustion During Combustion

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

## **6.2.** Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial or professional use only. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from oxidizing agents.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	<b>Additional Comments</b>
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	AIHA	TWA:1880 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	CMRG	TWA:1000 ppm	
Talc	14807-96-6	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Talc	14807-96-6	CMRG	TWA(as respirable dust):0.5 mg/m3	
Talc	14807-96-6	OSHA	TWA concentration(as total dust):0.3 mg/m3;TWA concentration(respirable):0.1 mg/m3(2.4 millions of particles/cu. ft.);TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.	
Propane	74-98-6	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	
Propane	74-98-6	OSHA	TWA:1800 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	ACGIH	TWA:50 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	OSHA	TWA:25 ppm;STEL:125 ppm	Skin Notation, 29 CFR 1910.1052
Natural gas	75-28-5	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	
Isobutane	75-28-5	ACGIH	STEL:1000 ppm	
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	simple asphyxiant
Non-hazardous Components	Trade	CMRG	TWA(as total dust):10 mg/m3	
(NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7230)	Secret			

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### **8.2.2.** Personal protective equipment (PPE)

### **Eye/face protection**

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

**Indirect Vented Goggles** 

### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Fluoroelastomer

Polymer laminate

### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

Organic vapor respirators may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form: Liquid

Odor, Color, Grade: Various colored compressed liquid with strong solvent odor.

Odor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNo Data AvailableMelting pointNo Data Available

**Boiling Point** -44 °F

Flash Point -156 °F [Test Method: Closed Cup]

**Evaporation rate**No Data Available

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not Applicable

Flammable Limits(LEL) 1.8 % Flammable Limits(UEL) 18 %

Vapor PressureNo Data AvailableVapor DensityNo Data Available

Specific Gravity 0.83 - 0.9 Solubility in Water Nil

Solubility- non-waterNo Data AvailablePartition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableAutoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableDecomposition temperatureNo Data AvailableViscosityNo Data Available

VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents 448 g/l

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames

Heat

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Not determined

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

# **Substance**

### **Condition**

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

### **Inhalation:**

Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal.

Simple Asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause target organ effects after inhalation.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

### **Eve Contact:**

Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

#### **Ingestion:**

May be harmful if swallowed.

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

### **Target Organ Effects:**

#### Single exposure may cause:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

### Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

<u>Ingredient</u>	C.A.S. No.	Class Description	Regulation
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	Anticipated human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	Cancer hazard	OSHA Carcinogens

# Medical conditions aggravated by exposure:

Can aggravate pre-existing cardiovascular disease.

# **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

<b>Acute Toxicity</b>			
Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal	-	No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Dust/Mist(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE > 12.5 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Methylene Chloride	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000  mg/kg
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 63.7 mg/l
Methylene Chloride	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,410 mg/kg
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation- Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 164,000 ppm
Isobutane	Inhalation- Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 276,000 ppm
Non-hazardous Components (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7230)	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Multiple animal species	LC50 > 2.6 mg/l
Non-hazardous Components (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7230)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160  mg/kg
Non-hazardous Components (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7230)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000  mg/kg
Propane	Inhalation- Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 200,000 ppm
Nitrogen	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Nitrogen	Inhalation- Gas		LC50 estimated to be > 50,000 ppm
Nitrogen	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Talc	Dermal		LD50 Not available

Ingestion

LD50 Not available

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

# Skin Corrosion/Irritation

James C 011 051014 211 1444 41 011		
Name	Species	Value
Methylene Chloride	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Isobutane		No significant irritation
Non-hazardous Components (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7230)	Human	Minimal irritation
Propane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Nitrogen	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation

# **Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
Methylene Chloride	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Isobutane		No significant irritation
Non-hazardous Components (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7230)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Propane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Nitrogen	Professio	No significant irritation

nal judgeme nt

Talc Rabbit No significant irritation

**Skin Sensitization** 

NameSpeciesValueNon-hazardous Components (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7230)GuineaNot sensitizing

pig

**Respiratory Sensitization** 

NameSpeciesValueTalcHumanNot sensitizing

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

Name	Route	Value
Methylene Chloride	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Methylene Chloride	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Dimethyl Ether	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Dimethyl Ether	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Isobutane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Non-hazardous Components (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7230)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Non-hazardous Components (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7230)	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Propane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Talc	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Talc	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name Methylene Chloride	Route Inhalation	Species Multiple animal species	Value Carcinogenic
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Talc	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not

sufficient for classification

# Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	2 generation
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	2 generation
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 4.3 mg/l	during gestation
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 40,000 ppm	during organogenesi s
Talc	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg	during organogenesi

Target Organ(s)

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure** 

Name Route Target Organ(s) Value Species Test Result Exposure

Isobutane

Inhalation

kidney and/or

						D
Methylene Chloride	Dermal	blood	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	<b>Duration</b> 4 hours
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	blood	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	exposure
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Rat	LOAEL 10,000 ppm	30 minutes
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 100,000 ppm	5 minutes
Isobutane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Isobutane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Isobutane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Specific Target Orga	n Tovicity - 1	renested evnosure				
Specific Target Orga	ii Toxicity - i					
Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure
		Target Organ(s)		•		Duration
Name  Methylene Chloride	Route Inhalation	Target Organ(s) kidney and/or bladder	Value  Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	<b>Species</b> Rat	Test Result LOAEL 6.95 mg/l	
		kidney and/or	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	•	LOAEL 6.95	Duration
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification  Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification  Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Rat Rat Multiple animal	LOAEL 6.95 mg/l NOAEL 0.17	<b>Duration</b> 2 years
Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride	Inhalation Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Rat Rat Multiple	LOAEL 6.95 mg/l NOAEL 0.17 mg/l LOAEL 35	Duration 2 years 2 years
Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride	Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder liver respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification  Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification  Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification  Some positive data exist, but the	Rat Rat Multiple animal species	LOAEL 6.95 mg/l  NOAEL 0.17 mg/l  LOAEL 35 mg/l  NOAEL Not available  NOAEL 18	Duration 2 years 2 years
Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride	Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder liver respiratory system heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification All data are negative Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Rat  Rat  Multiple animal species Human	LOAEL 6.95 mg/l  NOAEL 0.17 mg/l  LOAEL 35 mg/l  NOAEL Not available  NOAEL 18 mg/l  LOAEL 1,200	Duration 2 years 2 years 8 weeks
Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride	Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder liver respiratory system heart immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification All data are negative Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Rat  Rat  Multiple animal species Human	LOAEL 6.95 mg/l  NOAEL 0.17 mg/l  LOAEL 35 mg/l  NOAEL Not available  NOAEL 18 mg/l LOAEL	Duration 2 years 2 years 8 weeks
Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride	Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder liver respiratory system heart immune system liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification All data are negative  Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Rat Rat Multiple animal species Human Rat Rat	LOAEL 6.95 mg/l  NOAEL 0.17 mg/l  LOAEL 35 mg/l  NOAEL Not available  NOAEL 18 mg/l  LOAEL 1,200 mg/kg/day  NOAEL 249 mg/kg/day  NOAEL 1,469	Duration 2 years 2 years 8 weeks 28 days 3 months
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Ingestion Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder liver respiratory system heart immune system liver blood kidney and/or	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification All data are negative  Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the	Rat Rat Multiple animal species Human Rat Rat	LOAEL 6.95 mg/l  NOAEL 0.17 mg/l  LOAEL 35 mg/l  NOAEL Not available  NOAEL 18 mg/l  LOAEL 1,200 mg/kg/day  NOAEL 249 mg/kg/day  NOAEL 1,469 mg/kg/day  NOAEL 1,469 mg/kg/day	Duration 2 years 2 years 8 weeks 28 days 3 months 2 years
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Ingestion Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder liver respiratory system heart immune system liver blood kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification All data are negative  Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat Rat Multiple animal species Human Rat Rat Rat	LOAEL 6.95 mg/l  NOAEL 0.17 mg/l  LOAEL 35 mg/l  NOAEL Not available  NOAEL 18 mg/l  LOAEL 1,200 mg/kg/day  NOAEL 249 mg/kg/day  NOAEL 1,469 mg/kg/day	Duration 2 years 2 years 8 weeks 28 days 3 months 2 years 3 months
Methylene Chloride  Methylene Chloride	Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Ingestion Ingestion Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder liver respiratory system heart immune system liver blood kidney and/or bladder eyes hematopoietic	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification All data are negative  Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification All data are negative  Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification All data are negative	Rat Rat Multiple animal species Human Rat Rat Rat Rat	LOAEL 6.95 mg/l  NOAEL 0.17 mg/l  LOAEL 35 mg/l  NOAEL Not available  NOAEL 18 mg/l  LOAEL 1,200 mg/kg/day  NOAEL 249 mg/kg/day  NOAEL 1,469 mg/kg/day  NOAEL 1,469 mg/kg/day  NOAEL 249 mg/kg/day  NOAEL 249 mg/kg/day  NOAEL 249 mg/kg/day	Duration 2 years 2 years 8 weeks 28 days 3 months 2 years 3 months

Some positive data exist, but the

Rat

NOAEL

13 weeks

		bladder	data are not sufficient for classification		4,500 ppm	
Non-hazardous Components (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7230)	Ingestion	blood	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Talc	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Talc	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis   respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 18 mg/m3	113 weeks

## **Aspiration Hazard**

Name Value

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## **Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

### **Chemical fate information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable)

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

DOT HAZARD CLASS: 2.1 UN Number UN 3501 SHIPPING NAME: LIQUIFIED GAS, FLAMMABLE, NOS Packing Group N/A

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

#### Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

 Ingredient
 C.A.S. No
 % by Wt

 Methylene Chloride
 75-09-2
 30 - 60

## 15.2. State Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

### 15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact manufacturer for more information

## 15.4. International Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

### **NFPA Hazard Classification**

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

MSDS Creation Date: January 24, 2014
MSDS Revision Date: October 7, 2014
MSDS Revision Notes: 16 section SDS
MSDS Author: Technical Department

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